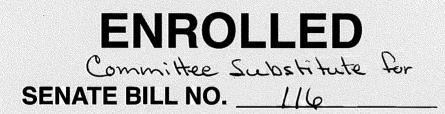
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2001 APR 27 P 3: 54

OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

Kegular Session, 2001



(By <u>Senators Tomblin Mr. President</u>, and)-Sprouse, By Reguest of the Executive)

PASSED April 13, 2001

In Effect 90 days from Passage

FILED

2001 APR 27 P 3: 54

OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 116

(Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, and Sprouse, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 13, 2001; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, four-a, five, twelve, nineteen and twenty, article seventeen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto seven new sections, designated sections thirteen, nineteen-a, nineteen-b, nineteen-c, twenty-a, twenty-b and twenty-three; and to amend and reenact section seven hundred three, article seven, chapter sixty-a of said code, all relating to imposing, administering, collecting and enforcing excise tax on sale and use of cigarettes and other tobacco products; renaming the cigarette tax act as the tobacco products excise tax act; defining terms; applying existing provisions, procedures, requirements and rules to all tobacco products; requiring use of

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Enr. Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 116] 2

invoice method for the payment of tax on tobacco products other than cigarettes; imposing excise tax on tobacco TATE TO products other than cigarettes based on a fixed percentage of the wholesale price; dedicating proceeds of tax to general revenue fund; establishing money penalties; imposing certain criminal penalties; declaring certain nontaxed tobacco products to be contraband; providing for seizure and disposition of contraband property and distribution of proceeds: requiring of special study on impact of tax on tobacco products other than cigarettes: and providing effective date of tax on tobacco products other than cigarettes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four, four-a, five, twelve, nineteen and twenty, article seventeen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto seven new sections, designated sections thirteen, nineteen-a, nineteen-b, nineteen-c, twenty-a, twenty-b and twenty-three: and that section seven hundred three, article seven, chapter sixty-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 17. TOBACCO PRODUCTS EXCISE TAX ACT.

§11-17-1. Short title.

- This article shall be known, and may be cited, as the 1
- 2 "Tobacco Products Excise Tax Act".

§11-17-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) When used in this article, words, terms and phrases
- 2 defined in subsection (b) of this section, and any variations
- thereof required by the context, have the meaning ascribed 3
- 4 to them in this section, except where the context indicates
- 5 a different meaning is intended.
- 6 (b) Definitions. -

7 (1) "Cigarette" means:

8 (A) Any roll for smoking made, wholly or in part, of 9 tobacco, irrespective of size or shape and whether or not 10 the tobacco is flavored, adulterated or mixed with any 11 ingredient, the wrapping or cover of which is made of 12 paper or any substance or material, except tobacco.

(B) Any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance
containing tobacco which, because of its appearance, the
type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packing and
labeling, is likely to be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in paragraph (A) of this
subdivision.

(2) "Commissioner" means the state tax commissioner
and, where the meaning of the context requires, all
deputies or agents and employees duly authorized by him
or her.

(3) "Consumer" means a person who receives or in any
way comes into possession of tobacco products for the
purpose of consuming or giving them away or disposing of
them in any way other than by sale, barter or exchange.

(4) "Counterfeit stamp" means any stamp, label or print,
indicium or character, that evidences, or purports to
evidence, the payment of any tax levied under this article
and that has not been printed, manufactured or made by
authority of the commissioner, as provided in this article,
and has not been issued, sold or circulated by the commissioner.

34 (5)"Manufacturer" means a person who manufactures or35 produces a tobacco product.

36 (6) "Other tobacco product" or "tobacco products other
37 than cigarettes" means snuff and chewing tobacco and any
38 other tobacco product that is intended by the seller to be
39 consumed by means other than smoking and any cigar,
40 pipe tobacco or other tobacco product other than ciga41 rettes.

42 (7) "Package" means the individual package, box or
43 other container in or from which retail sales of tobacco
44 products are normally made or intended to be made.

45 (8) "Person" means and includes any individual, firm, association, company, partnership, corporation, joint-46 47 stock company, club, agency, syndicate, limited liability 48 company, other legal entity, municipal corporation or 49 other political subdivision of this state, trust, receiver, trustee, fiduciary or conservator, and when used in 50 connection with any penalties imposed by this article, 5152means and includes officers, directors, trustees or members 53 of any firm, copartnership, association, corporation, trust or any other unit acting as a group. 54

(9) "Place of business" means a place where a tobacco
product is sold or where a tobacco product is brought or
kept for the purpose of sale or consumption, including a
vessel, airplane, train or vending machine.

(10) "Retail dealer" includes every person in this state,
other than a wholesaler or subjobber, engaged in the
selling of tobacco products at retail to a consumer or to
any person for any purpose other than resale.

63 (11) "Sale" means selling, exchange, transfer of title,
64 barter, gift, offer for sale or distribution or disposition of
65 cigarettes or other tobacco products.

(12) "Sale at retail" or "retail sale" means a sale to aconsumer or to any person for any purpose other thanresale.

(13) "Sale by wholesaler" means and includes any bona
fide transfer of title to tobacco products by a wholesaler
for a valuable consideration, made in the ordinary course
of trade or in the usual conduct of the wholesaler's business.

(14) "Stamp" or "meter impression" means any cigarettestamp or any meter or ink impression or other indicia

authorized by the tax commissioner to serve as a stampand shall be of the design and color as prescribed by thetax commissioner.

(15) "Stamped cigarettes" means that the stamp or
meter impression, as required by this article, has been
affixed to the bottom of the package of cigarettes.

(16) "Subjobber" or "subjobber dealer" includes any
person who purchases stamped cigarettes or tax-paid
tobacco products from a wholesaler or from any other
person who purchases from the manufacturer or importer
and who purchases the tax-paid tobacco products solely
for the purpose of bona fide resale to retail dealers.

88 (17) "Tax-not-paid tobacco product" means a tobacco
89 product upon which the tax imposed by this article has not
90 been paid.

91 (18) "Tax-paid tobacco products" means a tobacco
92 product upon which the tax imposed by this article has
93 been paid.

94 (19) "Tobacco product" includes cigarettes and any95 other tobacco product.

96 (20) "Transportation company" means a person operat-97 ing or supplying to common carriers, cars, boats or other 98 vehicles for the transportation or accommodation of 99 passengers and engaged in the sale of a tobacco product at 100 retail.

(21) "Transporter" means a person importing or transporting into this state a tobacco product obtained from a
source located outside this state or transporting within
this state tobacco products belonging to another person.

(22) "Unstamped cigarettes" means that the stamp or
impression as required by this article has not been affixed
to the bottom of the package of cigarettes.

(23) "Vending machine operator" means any person
operating one or more vending machines for the sale of
tobacco products. The sale of tobacco products through a
vending machine will be construed as sales at retail and
subjects the vending machine operator to this article and
rules pertaining to retail dealers.

114 Whenever any tobacco products vending machine 115 operator purchases tax-not-paid tobacco products directly 116 from the manufacturer or any other person, the vending 117 machine operator shall be considered to be a wholesaler 118 and is liable for payment of the excise tax imposed by this 119 article and the affixing of the required stamps.

120(24) "Wholesale price" means the gross invoice price, 121 including all federal excise taxes, at which the manufac-122turer of the tobacco product sells the tobacco product to 123unaffiliated distributors, excluding all trade discounts and 124other reductions in the manufacturer's price. If the 125taxpayer buys from other than a manufacturer, "wholesale 126 price" means the gross invoice price, including all federal 127 excise taxes and excluding all trade discounts and other 128 similar reductions in price.

129 (25) "Wholesaler" or "wholesale dealer" includes any 130 person in this state who purchases tax-not-paid tobacco 131 products directly from the manufacturer, or such other 132seller as may be approved by the tax commissioner. Any 133 distributor, dealer, subjobber, subjobber dealer, retailer or 134 any other person that imports or transports tax-not-paid 135 tobacco products into this state, or that causes tax-not-136 paid tobacco products to be imported or transported into 137 this state is a wholesaler liable for the tax imposed under 138this article and, in the case of cigarettes purchased, is 139 liable for affixing tax indicia in accordance with the 140 requirements of this article. No wholesaler or other person 141 may purchase tax-not-paid tobacco products from any 142 seller not approved by the tax commissioner.

§11-17-3. Levy of tax; ratio; dedication of proceeds.

(a) Tax on cigarettes. — For the purpose of providing
revenue for the general revenue fund of the state, an excise
tax is hereby continued on sales of cigarettes at the rate of
seventeen cents on each twenty cigarettes or in like ratio
on any part thereof. Only one sale of the same article shall
be used in computing the amount of tax due under this
subsection.

8 (b) Tax on tobacco products other than cigarettes. -Effective the first day of January, two thousand two, an 9 excise tax is hereby levied and imposed on the sale or use 10 11 of other than cigarettes tobacco products at a rate equal to seven percent of the wholesale price of each article or item 12 13 of tobacco product other than cigarettes sold by the wholesaler or subjobber dealer, whether or not sold at 14 wholesale, or if not sold, then at the same rate upon the 15 use by the wholesaler or dealer. Only one sale of the same 16 17 article shall be used in computing the amount of tax due under this subsection. Revenues received from this tax 18 19 shall be deposited into the general revenue fund.

§11-17-4. Effect of rate changes; cigarettes on hand or in inventory; report; discount.

1 (a) Notwithstanding other provisions of this article, it is hereby declared to be the intent of the Legislature that one 2 3 rate of excise tax is applicable to all quantities of ciga-4 rettes and another rate of excise tax is applicable to all 5 tobacco products other than cigarettes in this state on and 6 after the first day of July, two thousand one, under the 7 provisions of this article. Any tobacco products, on hand 8 or in inventory, on the effective date of any rate change are hereby considered to have been purchased or received 9 10 on the effective date of the change in rate.

(b) Every wholesaler, subjobber, subjobber dealer, retail
dealer and vending machine operator who, on the effective
date of any rate change, has, on hand or in inventory, any
tobacco products, upon which the tax or any portion of the
tax has been previously paid, shall take a physical inven-

- 16 tory and shall file a report of the inventory with the tax
- 17 commissioner, in the format required by the tax commis-
- 18 sioner, within thirty days after the inventory, and shall
- 19 pay to the tax commissioner, at the time of filing the
- 20 report, any additional tax due under an increased rate. A
- 21 discount of four percent shall be allowed on all tax due for
- 22 persons who pay additional tax under this section.
- 23 (c) Imposition of the tax on tobacco products other than
- 24 cigarettes shall be treated as a change in rate on the
- 25 effective date of the tax.

§11-17-4a. No tobacco products tax by municipalities or other governmental subdivisions.

- 1 No municipality or governmental subdivision shall levy
- 2 any excise or other tax on any tobacco product, or require
- 3 cigarettes or other tobacco products to be stamped, or
- 4 require licenses for sale thereof, other than licenses which
- 5 may be required in accordance with section four, article
- 6 twelve of this chapter.

§11-17-5. How tax paid; stamps; how affixed; violations.

- 1 (a) The tax imposed by this article on cigarettes shall be
- 2 paid by the purchase of stamps as provided in this article.
- 3 (b) The tax imposed by this article on tobacco products
 4 other than cigarettes shall be paid using an invoice method
 5 prescribed by the tax commissioner.

6 (c) Payment for stamps purchased from the commis-7 sioner shall be made by cash, money order, bank draft, 8 certified check or by noncertified check. However, in the 9 event a noncertified check is returned unpaid by its bank, 10 then it shall be considered that payment has not been 11 made for the taxes due.

(d) A stamp, as required by this article, as described in
the rules promulgated under this article by the tax commissioner in accordance with article three, chapter
twenty-nine-a of this code, shall be affixed to or impressed

upon each package of cigarettes of an aggregate value of
not less than the amount of tax upon the contents of the
package. The stamp or impression that is affixed is prima
facie evidence of payment of the tax imposed by this
article. Stamps or meter impressions shall be purchased
from the commissioner or his or her deputy, by, and paid
for by, wholesalers.

(e) Except as may be otherwise provided in the rules
prescribed by the commissioner, under authority of this
article and article ten of this chapter, and unless the
stamps have been previously affixed, they shall be affixed
by each wholesale dealer who must be authorized to do
business in this state prior to the sale or delivery of any
cigarettes to any retail dealer or subjobber in this state.

30 (f) Except as may be otherwise provided in the rules 31prescribed by the commissioner, each wholesale dealer 32tobacco products shall be authorized to do business in this state prior to the sale or delivery of any tobacco products 33 34 to any retail dealer or subjobber in this state. A wholesale 35 dealer may sell tax-paid tobacco products only to another wholesaler or a retail dealer or subjobber in this state. No 36 wholesaler or other person may purchase tax-not-paid 37 38 tobacco products from any seller not approved by the tax 39 commissioner.

(g) Whenever any cigarettes are found in the place of
business of any retail dealer or subjobber without the
stamps affixed, the prima facie presumption shall arise
that the cigarettes are kept in the place of business in
violation of the provisions of this article.

(h) Whenever any tobacco products other than cigarettes
are found in the place of business of any retail dealer or
subjobber and there is no evidence that the tax imposed by
this article has been paid on the tobacco products other
than cigarettes, it shall be presumed that the tobacco
products other than cigarettes are kept on the premises in
violation of this article.

52 (i) If the tax commissioner determines that it is practica-53 ble to stamp packages of cigarettes by impression by means of a metering device, then the commissioner shall 54 provide that the metering device and its impression may be 55 used in lieu of the stamps otherwise required by law. The 56 tax commissioner may authorize any wholesaler purchas-57 ing tobacco products, who holds a valid business registra-58 59 tion certificate, as required by article twelve of this 60 chapter, to use any metering device approved by the 61 commissioner after the device has been sealed by the 62 commissioner or a deputy, or agent, authorized by the 63 commissioner. A metering device shall be used only in 64 accordance with the rules prescribed by the commissioner.

(j) A wholesaler may elect to pay the tax in advance
when a metering device is used, in which event the wholesaler shall deliver the metering device to the commissioner,
or his or her agent authorized for that purpose, who shall
seal the meter in accordance with the prepayment that was
made.

§11-17-12. Reports required; due date; records to be kept; inspection of records and stocks; examination of witnesses, summons, etc.

1 (a) Due date. — On or before the fifteenth day of each 2 month, manufacturers, importers, common carriers, wholesalers, subjobbers, retail dealers and agents or 3 vending machine operators shall, when required by this 4 article, or the tax commissioner, file a report covering the 5 business transacted in the previous month providing any 6 information the commissioner determines necessary for the 7 8 ascertainment or assessment of the taxes imposed by this article. Reports shall be signed under penalty of perjury 9 and be in a form prescribed by as the tax commissioner. 10 The amount of tax shown to be due on the monthly report, 11 if any, shall be remitted by the due date of the monthly 1213 report, determined without regard to any authorized extension of time for filing the report. 14

(b) *Reports required.* — The reports prescribed in this
article are required, although a tax might not be due or no
business transacted, for the period covered by the report.

18 (c) Records. — Each person required to file a report under this article shall make and keep the records neces-19 sary to substantiate the accuracy of the reports required 20 by this article, including, but not limited to, records of 2122 inventories, receipts, disbursements and sales. Records 23shall be retained for a period of time not less than three years, unless the tax commissioner, gives written consent 24 to their earlier destruction. 25

26(d) Contents of delivery ticket or invoice. - Unless 27 otherwise permitted, in writing, by authority of the tax commissioner, each delivery ticket or invoice for each 28 29 purchase or sale of tobacco products must be recorded 30 upon a serially numbered invoice showing: (1) The name and address of the seller and the purchaser; (2) the point of 31delivery; (3) the date, quantity and price of each tobacco 32product delivered in this state; (4) the amount of tax 33 34 imposed by this article, which must be set out separately or the invoice must indicate whether or not the West 35 Virginia tobacco products excise tax is included in the 36 37 total price; and (5) any other reasonable information 38 required by the tax commissioner. However, these invoic-39 ing requirements do not apply to cash sales: *Provided*, That the person making the cash sales shall maintain the 40 records reasonably necessary to substantiate the accuracy 41 42 of his or her monthly report.

(e) Inspection of tobacco products inventory. - In 43 44 addition to the tax commissioner's powers set forth in section five, article ten of this chapter, the tax commis-45 46 sioner, or a deputy or agent authorized by the commissioner, may inspect or examine the stock of tobacco 47 products kept in and upon the premises of any person 48 49 where tobacco products are placed, stored or sold and shall inspect or examine the records, books, papers and 50 51 any equipment or records of manufacturers, importers,

52 cigarette stamping agents, wholesalers, subjobbers, retail 53 dealers, common carriers or any other person for the 54 purpose of determining the quantity and value of tobacco 55 products acquired or disbursed to verify the truth and 56 accuracy of any statement or report and to ascertain 57 whether the tax imposed by this article has been properly 58 paid.

59 (f) Examination of witnesses and records. - In addition to the tax commissioner's powers set forth in section five, 60 article ten of this chapter, and as a further means of 61 obtaining the records, books and papers of a manufac-62 turer, importer, common carrier, wholesaler, subjobber or 63 64 retailer or any other person and ascertaining the amount of taxes and reports due under this article, the commis-65 66 sioner and any duly appointed agent may examine wit-67 nesses under oath; and if the witness fail or refuse at the 68 request of the tax commissioner or any duly appointed 69 agent to grant access to the books, records or papers, the 70 tax commissioner or the agent shall certify the facts and names to the circuit court of the county having jurisdiction 7172 of the party and court shall thereupon issue summons to 73 the party to appear before the tax commissioner or any 74 duly appointed agent, at a place designated within the jurisdiction of the court, on a day fixed, to be continued as 75 76 the occasion may require for good cause shown and give evidence and lay open for inspection any books and papers 77 78 that may be required for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of tax and reports due, if any. 79

§11-17-13. Preservation of rules.

All rules for the cigarette tax act previously promulgated by the commissioner, as provided in this article, article ten of this chapter and article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, remain in effect until they are amended or repealed by the commissioner or superceded by operation of law.

§11-17-19. Penalty for failure to file report when no tax due.

In the case of any failure to make or file a report when
 no tax is due, as required by this article on the date
 prescribed for filing, unless it be shown that the failure
 was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect,
 there shall be collected a penalty of twenty-five dollars for
 each month of the failure or fraction of a month.

§11-17-19a. Criminal penalties.

1 (a) *Misdemeanor penalties*. — If any person commits any 2 act set forth in this subsection, the person shall be guilty 3 of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 4 fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than 5 twenty-five thousand dollars, or imprisoned in a county or 6 regional jail for not more than one year, or both fined and 7 imprisoned. Each act constitutes a separate misdemeanor:

8 (1) The person makes any false entry upon an invoice,
9 package or container of tobacco products that is required
10 to be made under the provisions of this article;

(2) The person with intent to evade the tax imposed by
this article, presents any false entry upon an invoice,
package or container of tobacco products for the inspection of the commissioner or the commissioner's authorized
deputy, agent or employee;

(3) The person prevents or hinders the commissioner or
the commissioner's authorized deputy, agent or employee
from making a full inspection of any place where tobacco
products subject to the tax imposed by this state are sold
or stored;

(4) The person prevents or hinders the full inspection of
invoices, books, records or papers required to be kept
under the provisions of this article;

(5) The person sells cigarettes in this state without there
having been first affixed to each individual package of
cigarettes the stamp or meter impression required to be
affixed to the package by this article;

(6) The person sells other tax-not-paid tobacco products
in this state to a subjobber, retail dealer or consumer in

30 this state;

31 (7) The person, being a retail dealer or subjobber in this
32 state, has in his or her possession packages of cigarettes
33 not bearing the stamps or meter impression required to be
34 affixed to the package by this article;

(8) The person, being a retail dealer or subjobber in this
state, has in his or her possession tax not paid packages of
other tobacco products;

(9) The person fails to produce on demand by the
commissioner, or the commissioner's authorized deputy,
agent or employee, invoices of all tobacco products
purchased or received by him or her within two years prior
to the date of the demand, unless upon satisfactory proof
it is shown that the nonproduction is due to providential
or other causes beyond his or her control;

(10) The person being a wholesale dealer sells tobacco
products to any person in this state other than to another
wholesaler, or to a subjobber or retail dealer;

48 (11) A person who is not a wholesaler or subjobber in49 this state sells tobacco products to a retail dealer;

50 (12) A person being a retail dealer purchases or acquires
51 tobacco products from any person other than a person who
52 is a wholesaler or subjobber in this state;

(13) The original wholesaler who purchases unstamped
cigarettes or tax not paid other tobacco products from a
manufacturer or other person fails to pay the excise tax
imposed by this article and fails to affix the required
stamps or meter impressions;

(14) A person who is not a wholesaler of tobacco products, as defined in this article, has in his or her possession
within this state more than twenty packages of cigarettes,
that do not bear cigarette tax paid indicia of this state,

62 stamps or meter impressions, or other tax-not-paid 63 tobacco products, if the retail value of the tobacco prod-64 ucts is more than thirty dollars for all tax-not-paid 65 tobacco products. The possession shall be presumed to be 66 for the purpose of evading the payment of the taxes 67 imposed or due on the tobacco products;

(15) The person violates any of the provisions of thisarticle or any lawful rule promulgated by the commis-sioner under authority of article ten of this code.

(b) Felony penalties. — If any person commits any act
set forth in this subsection, the person shall be guilty of a
felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less
than twenty-five thousand dollars nor more than fifty
thousand dollars, and imprisoned in a state correctional
facility for a term of not less than one year nor more than
five years. Each constitutes a separate felony:

(1) The person falsely or fraudulently makes, forges,
alters or counterfeits any stamps or meter impressions
prescribed, or defined, by the provisions of this article, or
its related rules;

82 (2) The person knowingly and willfully makes, causes to
83 be made, purchases, receives or has in his or her posses84 sion, any device for forging or counterfeiting any stamp or
85 meter impression;

86 (3) The person has in his or her possession any stamps
87 not properly issued by the commissioner, or the commis88 sioner's authorized employee, agent or deputy;

(4) The person tampers with or alters any stampingdevice authorized by the commissioner; or

(5) The person uses more than once any stamp or meter
impression provided for and required by this article for the
purpose of evading the tax imposed by this article.

94 (c) Deposit of penalties. — All penalties collected under
95 the provisions of this section shall be paid into the general
96 revenue fund.

§11-17-19b. Certain tax-not-paid tobacco products declared contraband.

1 (a) Whenever the commissioner or any of the commis-2 sioner's authorized deputies, agents or employees, or any law-enforcement officer in this state, discovers any 3 4 tobacco products subject to tax, as provided by this article, and upon which the tax has not been paid, as required by 5 this article, the tobacco products shall thereupon be 6 considered to be contraband, and the commissioner, or the 7 commissioner's authorized deputy, agent or employee, or 8 any law-enforcement officer in this state, may immedi-9 ately seize and take possession of the tobacco products 10 11 without a warrant, and the tobacco products and related property shall be forfeited to the state as provided in 12 13 article seven, chapter sixty-a of this code.

- 14 (b) Seizure of contraband shall not be considered to
- 15 relieve any person from fine or imprisonment, as provided
- $16 \quad \text{in section nineteen-a of this article, for any of the offenses} \\$
- 17 set forth in said section.

§11-17-19c. Magistrate courts have concurrent jurisdiction.

- 1 Magistrates have concurrent jurisdiction with any other
- 2 courts having jurisdiction for the trial of all misdemeanors
- 3 arising under this article.

§11-17-20. Transportation of unstamped cigarettes or tax-notpaid tobacco products; forfeitures and sales of cigarettes and equipment.

- 1 (a) *In general.* Every person who transports tax-not-
- 2 paid tobacco products upon the public highways, water-
- 3 ways, airways, roads or streets of this state shall have in
- 4 his or her actual possession invoices or delivery tickets for
- 5 the tobacco products.
- (b) Contents of delivery tickets. Delivery tickets shall
 show: (1) The true name and the complete and exact
 address of the consignor or seller; (2) the true name and

9 complete and exact address of the consignee or purchaser: 10 (3) the quantity and brands of the tobacco products 11 transported; and (4) the true name and complete and exact address of the person who has or shall assume payment of 12 the West Virginia taxes imposed by this article, or the tax. 13 14 if any, of the state or foreign country at the point of ultimate destination: Provided. That any common carrier 15 which has issued a bill of lading for a shipment of tobacco 16 17 products and is without notice to itself or to any of its agents or employees that the cigarettes are not stamped as 18 required by this article, or that the tax imposed by this 19 20 article on tobacco products other than cigarettes has not 21been paid, shall be considered to have complied with this 22 article and the vehicle or vessel in which the tax-not-paid 23 tobacco products are being transported is not subject to 24 confiscation under this section or article seven, chapter 25sixty-a of this code.

26 (c) In the absence of invoices, delivery tickets or bills of 27 lading, as the case may be, that meet the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, the tobacco prod-28 ucts, the vehicle or vessel in which the tobacco products 29 30 are being transported and any paraphernalia or devices 31 used in connection with the tax-not-paid tobacco products 32are declared to be contraband goods and may be seized by the commissioner, or the commissioner's authorized 33 34 deputies, agents or employees, or by any law-enforcement officer of the state, without a warrant and shall be for-35 36 feited to the state as provided in article seven, chapter sixty-a of this code. 37

§11-17-20a. Criminal penalty for unlawful transportation of tax-not-paid tobacco products.

1 Any person who transports tax-not-paid tobacco 2 products in violation of section twenty of this article is 3 guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, 4 shall be fined not less than three hundred dollars nor more 5 than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the regional 6 or county jail not more than one year, or both fined and 7 imprisoned.

§11-17-20b. Vending machines; presence of tax-not-paid tobacco products.

(a) If tax-not-paid tobacco products are found in any 1 vending machine, both the tax-not-paid tobacco products 2 and the vending machine are contraband goods within the 3 meaning of article seven, chapter sixty-a of this code, and 4 may be seized by the commissioner, at the discretion of the 5 commissioner, or the commissioner's authorized deputies, 6 agents or employees, or any law-enforcement officer in 7 this state, without a warrant. The provision of article 8 9 seven, chapter sixty-a of this code apply to the seizure and disposition of the contraband. 10

11 (b) Seizure and sale of the contraband shall not relieve

the owner of the property from any action by the commis-sioner for violations of any other sections of this article.

§11-17-23. Special study on impact of tax on tobacco products other than cigarettes.

1 (a) The tax commissioner and the commissioner of the 2 bureau of employment programs shall conduct a study to analyze the impact of the provisions of this article on the 3 manufacturers and distributors of tobacco products other 4 than cigarettes and their employees. This study shall 5 6 include an analysis of the results of taxation of tobacco products other than cigarettes, as provided in this article, 7 8 as they affect employment, costs of operation and the 9 overalleconomic impact upon manufacturers and distributors and their employees. 10

11 (b) The commissioners shall report the results of the study to the governor and the joint committee on govern-12ment and finance no later than the first day of February, 13 two thousand three, and shall submit recommendations on 14 how to ameliorate any negative impact upon manufactur-15 16 ers, distributors or employees through proposed tax credits, job training programs, extension of unemployment 17 18 or other benefits, incentives or other similar solutions.

CHAPTER 60A. UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT.

ARTICLE 7. WEST VIRGINIA CONTRABAND FORFEITURE ACT.

§60A-7-703. Items subject to forfeiture; persons authorized to seize property subject to forfeiture.

- 1 (a) The following are subject to forfeiture:
- 2 (1) All controlled substances which have been manufac-
- 3 tured, distributed, dispensed or possessed in violation of4 this chapter;

5 (2) All raw materials, products and equipment of any 6 kind which are used, or intended for use, in manufactur-7 ing, compounding, processing, delivering, importing or 8 exporting any controlled substance in violation of this 9 chapter;

(3) All tax-not-paid tobacco products, as that term is
defined in section two, article seventeen, chapter eleven of
this code, declared to be contraband under said article;

(4) All property which is used, or has been used, or is
intended for use, as a container for property described in
subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection;

16 (5) All conveyances, including aircraft, vehicles or 17 vessels, which are used, have been used, or are intended for 18 use, to transport, or in any manner to facilitate the trans-19 portation, sale, receipt, possession or concealment of 20 property described in subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of this 21 subsection, except that:

(i) A conveyance used by any person as a common
carrier in the transaction of business as a common carrier
shall not be forfeited under this section unless it appears
that the person owning the conveyance is a consenting
party or privy to a violation of this chapter;

(ii) A conveyance shall not be forfeited under theprovisions of this article if the person owning the convey-

29 ance establishes that he or she neither knew, nor had 30 reason to know, that the conveyance was being employed or was likely to be employed in a violation of this chapter; 3132 and

33 (iii) A bona fide security interest or other valid lien in any conveyance shall not be forfeited under the provisions 34 35 of this article, unless the state proves by a preponderance 36 of the evidence that the holder of the security interest or 37 lien either knew, or had reason to know, that the conveyance was being used or was likely to be used in a violation 38 39 of this chapter;

40 (6) All books, records, research products and materials, 41 including formulas, microfilm, tapes and data which are 42 used, or have been used, or are intended for use, in viola-43 tion of this chapter;

44 (7) All moneys, negotiable instruments, securities or other things of value furnished or intended to be furnished 45 46 in violation of this chapter by any person in exchange for a controlled substance, all proceeds traceable to the 47 exchange and all moneys, negotiable instruments and 48 49 securities used, or which have been used, or which are intended to be used to facilitate any violation of this 50 chapter: Provided, That no property may be forfeited 5152under this subdivision, to the extent of the interest of an owner, by reason of any act or omission established by that 53 54 owner to have been committed or omitted without his or 55 her knowledge or consent; and

56 (8) All real property, including any right, title and interest in any lot or tract of land, and any appurtenances 57 or improvements, which are used, or have been used, or are 58 59 intended to be used, in any manner or part, to commit or 60 to facilitate the commission of a violation of this chapter punishable by more than one year imprisonment: Pro-61 62 vided, That no property may be forfeited under this subdivision, to the extent of an interest of an owner, by 63 64 reason of any act or omission established by that owner to

65 have been committed or omitted without his or her66 knowledge or consent.

The requirements of this subsection pertaining to the
removal of seized property are not mandatory in the case
of real property and the appurtenances to the real property.

(b) Property subject to forfeiture under this article may
be seized by any person granted enforcement powers in
section five hundred one, article five of this chapter
(hereinafter referred to as the "appropriate person" in this
article).

76 (c) Controlled substances listed in article two of this 77 chapter which are manufactured, possessed, transferred, sold or offered for sale in violation of this chapter are 78 contraband and shall be seized and summarily forfeited to 79 80 the state. Controlled substances which are seized or come into the possession of the state, the owners of which are 81 unknown, are contraband and shall be summarily forfeited 82 83 to the state upon the seizure of the controlled substances.

(d) Species of plant from which controlled substances
may be derived which have been planted or cultivated in
violation of the provisions of this chapter, or of which the
owners or cultivators are unknown, or which are wild
growths may be seized and summarily forfeited to the
state upon the seizure of the plants.

90 (e) The failure, upon demand by the appropriate person,
91 or his or her authorized agent, of the person in occupancy
92 or in control of land or premises upon which the species of
93 plants are growing or being stored, to produce an appro94 priate registration, or proof that he or she is the holder of
95 an appropriate registration, constitutes authority for the
96 seizure and forfeiture of the plants.

97 (f) Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the
98 contrary, controlled substances listed in article two of this
99 chapter and species of plants from which controlled

substances may be derived shall either be destroyed orused only for investigative or prosecutorial purposes.

102 (g) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article to the contrary, any items of real property or any items of 103 tangible personal property sold to a bona fide purchaser 104 are not subject to forfeiture unless the state establishes by 105 106 clear and convincing proof that the bona fide purchaser knew or should have known that the property had in the 107 108 previous three years next preceding the sale been used in 109 violation of this chapter or that the property is a con-110 trolled substance.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee

Choirman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Člerk of the Senate

my h. S.

Clerk of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

Speaker House of Delegates

..... this the.. 24th,2001. Day of Governor



PRESENTED TO THE

GOVERNOR $\frac{\text{GOVEHINOH}}{\text{Date } \frac{4/19/01}{5:04}}$ Time $\frac{5:04}{9}$

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